

# TABELA DE CLASSIFICAÇÃO JITA

Por

**J**osé Manuel Barrueco Cruz

**I**mma Subirats Coll

**T**homás Krichel

**A**ntonella De Robbio

Adaptado por

*Gildenir Carolino Santos*

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## **Tabela de Classificação JITA<sup>1</sup>**

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### **1. Histórico e Definição**

O JITA Esquema de Classificação foi desenvolvido a partir de uma fusão de Plano de Classificação do News Agent Topic (mantido por Mike Keen em Aberystwyth , Reino Unido, até 31 de Março de 1998) e o esquema de classificação RIS do (agora extinto) revisão da Ciência da Informação originalmente concebido por Dagobert Soergel ( Universidade de Maryland ). JITA é um acrônimo das iniciais dos primeiros nomes dos autores: José Manuel Barrueco Cruz, Imma Subirats Coll, Thomas Krichel e Antonella De Robbio.[...]<sup>1</sup>.

### **2. Finalidade e Objetivo**

A finalidade do esquema de classificação JITA é de uso exclusivo para as grandes áreas do CONHECIMENTO e INFORMAÇÃO, tais como a Biblioteconomia e Ciência da Informação, tendo como objetivo classificar estruturadamente documentos (artigos, livros, folhetos, etc) por áreas específicas distribuídas hierarquicamente por essas grandes áreas.

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<sup>1</sup> JITA. Disponível em: <<http://www.askosi.org/jita/index.html>>. Acesso em: 27 fev.2016.  
Elaboração em: 17/03/2017.

## **Tabela de Classificação JITA**

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### **3. Campos de Clasificação**

Os campos de classificação estão organizados em 12 categorias principais, identificadas pelas letras do alfabeto de A a L, com subcategorias reorganizadas também pelas letras do alfabeto de A a Z.

### **4. Visualização dos Campos de Clasificação**

- A. Theoretical and general aspects of libraries and information.**
- B. Information use and sociology of information**
- C. Users, literacy and reading.**
- D. Libraries as physical collections.**
- E. Publishing and legal issues.**
- F. Management.**
- G. Industry profession and education.**
- H. Information sources, supports, channels.**
- I. Information treatment for information services**
- J. Technical services in libraries, archives, museum.**
- L. Information technology and library technology**

## Tabela de Classificação JITA

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### Categoria A

#### A. Theoretical and general aspects of libraries and information.

- Add AA. Library and information science as a field.
- Add AB. Information theory and library theory.
- Add AC. Relationship of LIS with other fields .
- Add AZ. None of these, but in this section.

#### A. Aspectos teóricos e gerais das bibliotecas e informação

- Add AA. Biblioteca e ciência da informação como um campo.
- Add AB. Teoria da informação e teoria da biblioteca.
- Add AC. Relacionamento da B&CI com outros campos.
- Add AZ. Nenhum desses, mas nesta seção.

# Categoría B

- B. Information use and sociology of information**
  - BA. Use and impact of information.
  - BB. Bibliometric methods
  - BC. Information in society.
  - BD. Information society.
  - BE. Information economics.
  - BF. Information policy
  - BG. Information dissemination and diffusion.
  - BH. Information needs and information requirements analysis.
  - BI. User interfaces, usability.
  - BJ. Communication
  - BZ. None of these, but in this section.

# Categoría C

Add

## C. Users, literacy and reading.

Add

CA. Use studies.

Add

CB. User studies.

Add

CC. User categories: children, young people, social groups.

Add

CD. User training, promotion, activities, education.

Add

CE. Literacy.

Add

CF. Reading and story telling.

Add

CZ. None of these, but in this section.

## Categoría D

Add

### D. Libraries as physical collections.

Add

DA. World libraries.

Add

DB. National libraries.

Add

DC. Public libraries.

Add

DD. Academic libraries.

Add

DE. School libraries.

Add

DF. Government libraries.

Add

DG. Private libraries.

Add

DH. Special libraries.

Add

DI. Science libraries.

Add

DJ. Technical libraries.

Add

DK. Health libraries, Medical libraries.

Add

DL. Archives.

Add

DM. Museums.

Add

DZ. None of these, but in this section.

# Categoría E

Add

## E. Publishing and legal issues.

Add

EA. Mass media.

Add

EB. Printing, electronic publishing, broadcasting.

Add

EC. Book selling.

Add

ED. Intellectual property: author's rights, ownership, copyright, copyleft, open access.

Add

EE. Intellectual freedom.

Add

EF. Censorship.

Add

EZ. None of these, but in this section.

# Categoria F

Add

## F. Management.

- Add FA. Co-operation.
- Add FB. Marketing.
- Add FC. Finance.
- Add FD. Public relations.
- Add FE. Personnel management.
- Add FF. Funding.
- Add FG. Local government.
- Add FH. Reorganization.
- Add FI. Unitary authorities.
- Add FJ. Knowledge management
- Add FZ. None of these, but in this section.

# Categoría G

Add

## G. Industry, profession and education.

Add

GA. Information industry.

Add

GB. Software industry.

Add

GC. Computer and telecommunication industry.

Add

GD. Organizations.

Add

GE. Staff.

Add

GF. Biographies.

Add

GG. Curricula aspects.

Add

GH. Education.

Add

GI. Training.

Add

GZ. None of these, but in this section.

# Categoría H

Add

## H. Information sources, supports, channels.

Add

HA. Periodicals, Newspapers.

Add

HB. Gray literature.

Add

HC. Archival materials.

Add

HD. Rare books and manuscripts.

Add

HE. Print materials.

Add

HF. Microforms.

Add

HG. Non-print materials.

Add

HH. Audio-visual, Multimedia.

Add

HI. Electronic Media.

Add

HJ. CD-ROM.

Add

HK. Online hosts.

Add

HL. Databases and database Networking.

Add

HM. OPACs.

Add

HN. e-journals.

Add

HO. e-books.

Add

HP. e-resources.

Add

HQ. Web pages.

Add

HR. Portals.

Add

HS. Repositories.

Add

HT. Web 2.0, Social networks

Add

HZ. None of these, but in this section.

# Categoría I

- I. Information treatment for information services
  - IA. Cataloging, bibliographic control.
  - IB. Content analysis (A and I, class.)
  - IC. Index languages, processes and schemes.
  - ID. Knowledge representation.
  - IE. Data and metadata structures.
  - IF. Information transfer: protocols, formats, techniques.
  - IG. Information presentation: hypertext, hypermedia.
  - IH. Image systems.
  - II. Filtering.
  - IJ. Reference work.
  - IK. Design, development, implementation and maintenance
  - IL. Semantic web
  - IM. Open data
  - IZ. None of these, but in this section.

# Categoría J

Add

## J. Technical services in libraries, archives, museum.

Add

JA. Acquisitions.

Add

JB. Serials management.

Add

JC. Withdrawals.

Add

JD. Stock taking.

Add

JE. Record keeping.

Add

JF. Paper preservation.

Add

JG. Digitization.

Add

JH. Digital preservation.

Add

JI. Circulation.

Add

JJ. Document delivery.

Add

JK. Interlibrary loans.

Add

JZ. None of these, but in this section.

# Categoria K

Add

## K. Housing technologies.

Add

KA. Resources centers.

Add

KB. Library, archive and museum buildings.

Add

KC. Furniture.

Add

KD. Vehicles.

Add

KE. Architecture.

Add

KF. Planning, Design, Removal.

Add

KG. Safety.

Add

KH. Disaster planning.

Add

KZ. None of these, but in this section.

# Categoría L

Add

## L. Information technology and library technology

Add

LA. Telecommunications.

Add

LB. Computer networking.

Add

LC. Internet, including WWW.

Add

LD. Computers.

Add

LE. Scanners.

Add

LF. Digital cameras.

Add

LG. Photocopiers.

Add

LH. Computer and network security.

Add

LI. Authentication, and access control.

Add

LJ. Software.

Add

LK. Software methodologies and engineering.

Add

LL. Automated language processing.

Add

LM. Automatic text retrieval.

Add

LN. Data base management systems.

Add

LO. Object-oriented DBMS.

Add

LP. Intelligent agents.

Add

LQ. Library automation systems.

Add

LR. OPAC systems.

Add

LS. Search engines.

Add

LT. Mobile devices

Add

LZ. None of these, but in this section.

## **Referência**

JITA. Disponível em: <<http://www.askosi.org/jita/index.html>>. Acesso em: 27 fev.2016.  
Elaboração em: 17/03/2017.